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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/606,445 06/29/2000		Narendra Pulimi	CS10744	8066	
75	01/28/2004	EXAMINER			
Motorola Inc			GELIN, JEAN ALLAND		
	nunications Sector	A DET LOUIT DA OCO ANNA MATERIA			
	perty Department (РЈВ)	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	lighway 45 Rm AN475	2681	1.0		
Libertyville, II	. 60048		DATE MAILED: 01/28/2004	15	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
			09/606,44	5	PULIMI ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit				
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Jean A Ge		2681				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI nsions of time may be available under the provisio SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this core period for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum re to reply within the set or extended period for repreply received by the Office later than three monthed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ns of 37 CFR 1.13 mmunication. (30) days, a reply statutory period w oly will, by statute, s after the mailing	36(a). In no even within the statually within the statually will apply and will cause the apply	ent, however, may a reply be tin utory minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this o	ły. zommunication.			
	Responsive to communication(s) fi	iled on 11 No	ovember 20	003.					
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11 November 2003</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
<i>'</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims		•						
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 10-16</u> is/are pend	ding in the ap	oplication.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)⊠	☐ Claim(s) <u>12-14</u> is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6 and 8</u> is/are rejected.								
7)⊠	)⊠ Claim(s) <u>5,7,10 and 11</u> is/are objected to.								
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restr	riction and/or	r election re	equirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/ar	e: a)⊡ acce	epted or b)	$\square$ objected to by the I	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any ob								
441	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
a)( * §	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priorit  2. Certified copies of the priorit  3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internat See the attached detailed Office actacknowledgment is made of a claim	: y documents y documents s of the prior ional Bureau ion for a list o	s have been s have been ity docume I (PCT Rule of the certif	n received. n received in Applicati ents have been receive e 17.2(a)). Tied copies not receive	on No ed in this National				
s 3	ince a specific reference was includ 7 CFR 1.78. )   The translation of the foreign la	led in the firs	t sentence	of the specification or	in an Application				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.									
Attachmen	t(s)								
1) 🔯 Notic 2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)		·	4) Interview Summary 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: .					

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This is in response to the Applicant's Notice of Appeal filed on November 11, 2003 in which claims 1-8 and 10-16 are currently pending. Applicant's arguments are persuasive and, therefore, the finality of the Office Action mailed on 5/6/03 is withdrawn.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 3, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tay et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,563,615) in view of Wallace et al. (US 5,835,065).

Regarding claim 1, Tay discloses a broadband (i.e., multi-band) antenna apparatus comprising: a broadband (or multi-band) antenna (figs. 1-3) including a first element (i.e., inner element) and a second element (i.e., outer element), the first and second (i.e., inner element and outer element) elements having different resonant frequencies (col. 4, lines 12-23). As illustrated in figs. 1, 3, and 4, Tay shows an helix coil 12 corresponding to the helical antenna is grounded to the ground plane 42 (col. 3, lines 39-52).

Tay does not specifically teach the grounded helical antenna surrounding the multi-band antenna.

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However, the preceding limitation is known in the art of communications. Wallace teaches the antenna is surrounded by a helical antenna (col. 2, lines 19-21). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to implement the techniques of Wallace within the system of Tay in order that the helical antenna surround the whip antenna and the variable length whip and helix antenna can be in a portable communication device.

Regarding claim 3, Tay discloses a broadband (i.e., multi-band) antenna apparatus comprising: a broadband (or multi-band) antenna (figs. 1-3) including a helical antenna and a monopole antenna, the helical antenna and the monopole antenna having different resonant frequencies (col. 3, lines 38-43, col. 4, lines 18-23). As illustrated in figs. 1, 3, and 4, Tay shows an helix coil 12 corresponding to the helical antenna is grounded to the ground plane 42 (col. 3, lines 39-52).

Tay does not specifically teach the grounded helical antenna surrounding the multi-band antenna.

However, the preceding limitation is known in the art of communications. Wallace teaches the antenna is surrounded by a helical antenna (col. 2, lines 19-21). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to implement the techniques of Wallace within the system of Tay in order that the helical antenna surround the whip antenna and the variable length whip and helix antenna can be in a portable communication device.

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Regarding claim 4, Tray teaches the helical antenna includes turns around a linear axis and distance between adjacent turns (i.e., tables 1 and 2 in col. 4 shows the distance between turns).

Regarding claim 6,Tay discloses a transceiver (or cellular telephone) figs. 1-2 antenna comprising: an inner antenna (203) including a first element (201) and a second element (202), the first and second elements having different resonant frequencies (col. 2, lines 1-20, col. 3, lines 39-52); and a radio frequency (RF) helical antenna coupled to the inner antenna (i.e., helix coil 12, which includes in the broadband antenna, is shorted to ground portion 44 of fig. 1, col. 2, lines 51-55, and col. 3, lines 39-52), a first section having a distance between adjacent turns of a first predetermined amount (i.e., tables 1 and 2 in col. 4 shows the distance between turns), and a second section having a distance between adjacent turns of a second predetermined amount, the second predetermined amount less than the first predetermined amount (i.e., tables 1 and 2 in col. 4 shows the distance between turns).

Tay does not specifically teach the grounded helical antenna surrounding the inner antenna.

However, the preceding limitation is known in the art of communications. Wallace teaches the antenna is surrounded by a helical antenna (col. 2, lines 19-21). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to implement the techniques of Wallace within the system of Tay in order that the helical antenna surround the whip antenna and the variable length whip and helix antenna can be in a portable communication device.

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4. Claims 2 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tay et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,563,615) in view of Wallace et al. (US 5,835,065) further in view of Applicant's admission of prior art.

Regarding claims 2 and 8, Tay in view of Wallace teaches all the limitations above. Tay further teaches the helical antenna 12 is grounded to ground plane 42, and the ground plane 42 and the helical antenna coupled to the transceiver, (i.e., which is within a mobile radio as suggested in col. 1, lines 17-18), (col. 3, lines 18-25); a printed circuit board (PCB) which is typical within a mobile radio, or cellular telephone housing, (col. 3, lines 18-25). Tray further teaches one end of the helix is shorted to a ground portion of a feed port connected to a ground plane (i.e., inherently the ground plane is associated with metal, col. 3, lines 19-24)

Tray in view of Wallace does not specifically the cellular telephone housing formed of a conductive material.

However, the Applicant admits in the Disclosure that it is "known in the art" the apparatus characterized by: a cellular telephone housing formed of a conductive material (page 4, lines 2027). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the system of Tay in view of Wallace to include a conductive housing for the purpose of preventing electromagnetic energy present in the interior space from passing through the surface of the housing.

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## Allowable Subject Matter

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5. Claims 12-16 are allowed.

6. Claims 5, 7, 10, and 11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Claim 5 is objected for the same reason recited in the previous Office Action (paper #9).

Claims 7, 10, and 11 are objected for the same reason recited in the previous Office Action (paper #7).

Claims 12-16 are allowed for the same reason recited in the previous Office Action (paper #3).

#### Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean A Gelin whose telephone number is (703) 305-4847. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM to 6:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran can be reached on (703) 305-4040. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9314.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4847.

JGelin January 23, 2004 PATENT EXAMINER
year Keland Geli